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**Identical letters dated 29 November 2022 from the Chargé
d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Lebanon to the
United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General and the
President of the Security Council**

On instructions from the Government of Lebanon, I transmit to you herewith a statistical summary of Israeli violations of Security Council resolution [1701 \(2006\)](#) committed during the month of September 2022 (see annex).*

I should be grateful if you would have the present letter and its annex circulated as a document of the General Assembly, under agenda item 32, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) **Jeanne Mrad**
Counsellor
Chargé d'affaires a.i.

* Circulated in Arabic and English only.



**Annex to the identical letters dated 29 November 2022 from the
Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Lebanon to the
United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General and the
President of the Security Council**

Land violations committed in September 2022

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
1 September	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 15 in Yarun, 27 in Mays al-Jabal, 6 in Naqurah, 29 in Marwahin, 6 in Duhayrah, 10 in Arab al-Luwayzah and 6 in Markaba.
2 September	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 9 in Marwahin, 22 in Duhayrah, 38 in Yarun, 12 in Markaba, 7 in Arab al-Luwayzah, 18 in Amra and 25 in Mays al-Jabal.
3 September	–	Some 21 landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated in Duhayrah.
	1800	On the outskirts of the town of Hula, at the Israeli enemy's Shaykh Abbad position, the Israeli enemy fired two percussion shells from occupied Palestinian territory towards Lebanese territory. The shells fell in Lebanese territory without harming anyone, although several civilians were present at the time of the incident.
	2025 and 2035	In the occupied Shab'a Farms, Israeli enemy soldiers fired two flare shells over the perimeter of the Summaqah position as heavy machinery moved around in the vicinity.
4 September	0900	In the occupied Shab'a Farms, near the Israeli enemy's Ruwaysat al-Alam position, enemy personnel used a bulldozer and a Poclairn vehicle to continue levelling the dirt road alongside the line of withdrawal. They were accompanied by two Merkava tanks and approximately 10 soldiers, who spread out across the area and took up combat positions. The group returned to occupied territory at 1800 hours.
5 September	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 36 in Mays al-Jabal and 8 in Naqurah.
	0900	In the occupied Shab'a Farms, near the Israeli enemy's Ruwaysat al-Alam position, enemy personnel used a bulldozer and a Poclairn vehicle to continue levelling the dirt road alongside the line of withdrawal. They were accompanied by two Merkava tanks and approximately 20 soldiers, who spread out across the area and took up combat positions. The group returned to occupied territory at 1800 hours.
6 September	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 7 in Duhayrah, 42 in Yarun, 33 in Mays al-Jabal, 4 in Naqurah, 6 in Arab al-Luwayzah and 3 in Hula.
	2315 and 2350	Israeli enemy soldiers fired four flare shells from occupied Palestinian territory over the occupied towns of Ghajar and Abbasiyah. The shells fell in Lebanese territory, in the vicinity of Sulayyib, and a fire broke out between the town of Ghajar and position 4–28, which is operated by the Spanish contingent of UNIFIL.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
7 September	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 9 in Marwahin, 5 in Duhayrah, 52 in Yarun, 30 in Arab al-Luwayzah, 5 in Amra, 2 in Hula and 5 in Naqurah.
	0720	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Markaba, the cannon of an Israeli enemy Merkava tank was pointed towards Lebanese territory until 0748 hours.
	1600	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite Sahl al-Khiyam, near point B92, an Israeli enemy group consisting of eight individuals in civilian clothing approached. They scouted the area and photographed the Lebanese side. They left at 1630 hours, heading in the direction of occupied territory.
8 September	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 8 in Marwahin, 1 in Duhayrah, 44 in Arab al-Luwayzah, 13 in Amra, 31 in Mays al-Jabal and 8 in Naqurah.
	–	Opposite the town of Wazzani, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of two bulldozers, one truck, two civilian vehicles and five workers in civilian clothing stopped in the northern part of the occupied town of Ghajar. The bulldozers were brought across the technical fence and used to build a road opposite the Wazzani pump, towards the SD1 road. The work ended at 1630 hours, but the vehicles were left at the location.
	1420	An Israeli enemy Humvee vehicle approached from the enemy's position opposite the town of Udaysah, in the vicinity of point TP35. The soldiers inside it pointed the machine gun mounted on the vehicle towards Lebanese territory until 1500 hours.
9 September	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 5 in Marwahin, 19 in Duhayrah, 21 in Yarun, 37 in Arab al-Luwayzah, 10 in Amra and 4 in Hula.
	2020	In occupied Palestinian territory, Israeli enemy soldiers directed search lights from inside the tourist resort opposite Ra's Naqurah towards Lebanese territory until 2200 hours.
11 September	0730	Opposite the town of Wazzani, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of five civilian vehicles and five workers in civilian clothing stopped in the northern part of the occupied town of Ghajar. They used an excavator that had been previously positioned at that location to build a road. The work ended at 1600 hours, and they returned to occupied territory.
	1330	An Israeli enemy Humvee vehicle approached from the enemy's position opposite the town of Markaba, in the vicinity of point B76. The soldiers inside it pointed the machine gun mounted on the vehicle towards Lebanese territory until 1400 hours.
12 September	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 25 in Yarun, 37 in Mays al-Jabal and 7 in Naqurah.
	0730	Opposite the town of Wazzani, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of one civilian vehicle and five workers in civilian clothing stopped in the northern part of the occupied town of Ghajar. They used an excavator that had been previously positioned at that location to continue building a road opposite the Wazzani pump, towards the SD1 road. The work ended at 1620 hours, but the vehicles were left at the location.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
	1130	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Markaba, the cannon of an Israeli enemy Merkava tank was pointed towards Lebanese territory until 1330 hours.
	1445	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Markaba, the cannon of an Israeli enemy Merkava tank was pointed towards Lebanese territory until 1500 hours.
13 September	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 21 in Duhayrah, 16 in Yarun, 20 in Mays al-Jabal, 8 in Naqurah, 43 in Arab al-Luwayzah, 20 in Amra and 8 in Markaba.
	0800	Opposite the town of Wazzani, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of one bulldozer and one civilian vehicle stopped in the northern part of the occupied town of Ghajar. Some five workers in civilian clothing disembarked and used an excavator that had been previously positioned at that location to continue building a road from the Wazzani pump towards the SD1 road. During construction, they dumped rocks and dirt onto the SD1 road in Lebanese territory, blocking it completely. At 1900 hours, the bulldozer was taken back to the northern part of the occupied town of Ghajar and left there.
	0955	The sound of light-weapon fire was heard coming from the occupied Shab‘a Farms, in the vicinity of the Israeli enemy’s Radar position.
	1300	In the occupied Shab‘a Farms, in the vicinity of Jabal al-Shahl, opposite observation point OP2 of the Indian contingent of UNIFIL, enemy personnel used a crane and a winch to install four 8-m tall steel posts behind an earthen berm. They were accompanied by two vehicles and eight soldiers, who spread out along the perimeter and took up combat positions. The work was completed at 1700 hours, and the personnel left and headed to the Radar position.
14 September	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 15 in Duhayrah, 22 in Yarun, 20 in Mays al-Jabal, 4 in Naqurah, 56 in Arab al-Luwayzah and 8 in Amra.
	0700 and 1900	Explosions, the cause of which is unknown, were heard inside the occupied Shab‘a Farms.
	0800	Opposite the town of Wazzani, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of one bulldozer, one civilian vehicle and five workers in civilian clothing stopped in the northern part of the occupied town of Ghajar. The bulldozer was brought across the technical fence and used to continue building a road from the Wazzani pump towards the SD1 road. During construction, they dumped rocks and dirt onto the SD1 road in Lebanese territory, blocking it completely. At 1630 hours, the bulldozer was taken back to the northern part of the occupied town of Ghajar and left there.
	1000	In the vicinity of Shahl, opposite observation point OP2 of the Indian contingent of UNIFIL, enemy personnel used a crane to install metal sheets in the shape of stairs atop some steel posts. They were accompanied by a Merkava tank and eight soldiers, who spread out in the area and took up combat positions. The work was completed at 1600 hours, and the personnel left and headed to the Radar position.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
	1255	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite points B64 and B65, the cannon of an Israeli enemy Merkava tank was pointed towards Lebanese territory until 1415 hours.
15 September	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 21 in Marwahin, 11 in Duhayrah, 25 in Yarun, 20 in Mays al-Jabal, 10 in Naqurah, 14 in Amra, 7 in Markaba and 5 in Arab al-Luwayzah.
	0800	Opposite the town of Wazzani, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of one bulldozer, one excavator and five workers in civilian clothing stopped in the northern part of the occupied town of Ghajar. The bulldozer was brought across the technical fence and used to continue building a road from the Wazzani pump towards the SD1 road. In addition, eight concrete blocks were installed at the site. During construction, they dumped rocks and dirt onto the SD1 road in Lebanese territory, blocking it completely.
	1000	In occupied territory, between the Israeli enemy's Ruwaysat al-Alam and Summaqah positions, enemy soldiers carried out manoeuvres using light and medium weapons. In addition, they erected three, white training tents and placed the emblem of the Givati Brigade on them. Some 35 individuals in military clothing were observed inside the tents. Meanwhile, Merkava tanks moved about the area and released thick smoke to cover the manoeuvres, as a reconnaissance aircraft flew overhead. The manoeuvres ended at 1330 hours, and the enemy soldiers removed the tents and headed to occupied territory.
16 September	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 19 in Marwahin, 12 in Duhayrah, 24 in Mays al-Jabal, 2 in Hula, 22 in Arab al-Luwayzah, 23 in Amra and 6 in Markaba.
	0800	Opposite the town of Wazzani, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of one bulldozer, one excavator and five workers in civilian clothing stopped in the northern part of the occupied town of Ghajar. The bulldozer was brought across the technical fence and used to continue building a road from the Wazzani pump towards the SD1 road. In addition, 20 concrete blocks were installed at the site. During construction, they dumped rocks and dirt onto the SD1 road in Lebanese territory, blocking it completely.
	0900	In Lebanese territory, on the outskirts of the town of Yatar, a cluster bomb left by the Israeli enemy exploded, seriously injuring Husayn Kawrani, a boy.
18 September	–	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Kafr Shuba, Israeli enemy soldiers pointed the cannon of a Merkava tank towards Lebanese territory.
	0800	Opposite the town of Wazzani, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of two bulldozers, one excavator and five workers in civilian clothing stopped in the northern part of the occupied town of Ghajar. The bulldozers were brought across the technical fence and used to continue building a road from the Wazzani pump towards the SD1 road. Some 20 concrete blocks were installed to strengthen the road.
	1020	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Aytarun, Israeli enemy soldiers pointed the cannon of a Merkava tank towards Lebanese territory.
	1400	In the occupied Shab'a Farms, Israeli enemy soldiers pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory, UNIFIL soldiers and Lebanese Army soldiers until 1900 hours.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
	1730	In the occupied Shab'a Farms, Israeli enemy soldiers pointed their weapons towards UNIFIL soldiers until 1930 hours.
19 September	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 18 in Marwahin and 16 in Yarun.
	0800	Opposite the town of Wazzani, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of three bulldozers and three workers in civilian clothing stopped in the northern part of the occupied town of Ghajar. The bulldozers were brought across the technical fence and used to continue building a road from the Wazzani pump towards the SD1 road. During construction, they dumped rocks and dirt onto the SD1 road in Lebanese territory, blocking it completely.
	0800	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Kafr Shuba, in the locality of Bastra, between the Ayn al-Tinah gate and the Israeli enemy's Ruwaysat al-Alam position, the cannon of a Merkava was pointed at UNIFIL and Lebanese Army troops until 2045 hours.
	0830	In the occupied Shab'a Farms, Israeli enemy soldiers pointed the cannons of several Merkava tank towards Lebanese territory.
	0900	In the occupied Shab'a Farms, Israeli enemy soldiers pointed their weapons towards Lebanese Army soldiers until 2045 hours.
20 September	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 33 in Marwahin, 4 in Duhayrah, 20 in Mays al-Jabal and 18 in Naqurah.
	0800	Opposite the town of Wazzani, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of three bulldozers, one crane, one steamroller and five workers in civilian clothing stopped in the northern part of the occupied town of Ghajar. The bulldozers were brought across the technical fence and used to install 50 concrete blocks to strengthen the road. The steamroller was then used to flatten the road. At 1600 hours, the vehicles were brought back to the east of the technical fence.
	2030	In the occupied Shab'a Farms, in the vicinity of the enemy's Radar position, Israeli enemy soldiers fired four flare shells as several bursts of gunfire were heard.
	2130	In Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Ramiya, in the vicinity of point BP9, a cluster bomb left by the Israeli enemy exploded.
	2155	From the town of Ghajar, UNIFIL troops observed an enemy Israeli patrol consisting of a Defender vehicle and two soldiers. The vehicle's light was directed at the personnel operating the CPK4 observation post of the Spanish contingent.
21 September	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 18 in Marwahin, 6 in Duhayrah, 9 in Yarun, 28 in Mays al-Jabal, 10 in Naqurah, 10 in Arab al-Luwayzah, 14 in Amra and 2 in Markaba.
	0800	Opposite the town of Wazzani, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of two bulldozers, one truck, one steamroller and four workers in civilian clothing stopped in the northern part of the occupied town of Ghajar. The bulldozers were brought across the technical fence and used to continue building a road from the Wazzani pump towards the SD1 road. Some 34 concrete blocks were installed to strengthen the road, which was then flattened using the steamroller. The vehicles returned to occupied territory at 1530 hours.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
22 September	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 17 in Marwahin, 4 in Duhayrah, 33 in Yarun, 26 in Mays al-Jabal, 9 in Naqurah, 2 in Markaba, 10 in Arab al-Luwayzah and 13 in Amra.
	0800	Opposite the town of Wazzani, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of two bulldozers, one truck, one crane, one steamroller and four workers in civilian clothing stopped in the northern part of the occupied town of Ghajar. The bulldozers were brought across the technical fence and used to continue building a road from the Wazzani pump towards the SD1 road. Some 50 concrete blocks were installed to strengthen the road, which was then flattened using the steamroller. The vehicles returned to occupied territory at 1600 hours.
23 September	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 35 in Mays al-Jabal, 8 in Naqurah and 17 in Amra.
	0830	Opposite the town of Wazzani, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of two bulldozers, one truck, one civilian vehicle, one steamroller and five workers in civilian clothing stopped in the northern part of the occupied town of Ghajar. The bulldozers were brought across the technical fence and used to continue building a road from the Wazzani pump towards the SD1 road. During construction, they dumped rocks and dirt onto the SD1 road in Lebanese territory, blocking it completely.
	1005	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Hula, at the Israeli enemy Shaykh Abbad position, enemy soldiers photographed the Lebanese side.
	1100	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Hula, at the Israeli enemy's Shaykh Abbad position, a group consisting of three individuals in military clothing approached. They scouted the area and photographed the Lebanese side. They left at 1120 hours, heading in the direction of occupied territory.
	2130	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Blida, Israeli enemy soldiers directed searchlights towards Lebanese territory.
25 September	0800	Opposite the town of Wazzani, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of three bulldozers, four trucks loaded with basecourse material and five workers in civilian clothing stopped in the northern part of the occupied town of Ghajar. The bulldozers were brought across the technical fence and used to install 30 concrete blocks to strengthen the road. The material was dumped from the trucks and the bulldozers were used to level it. The vehicles returned to occupied territory at 1600 hours.
26 September	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 22 in Marwahin, 4 in Duhayrah, 30 in Yarun and 53 in Mays al-Jabal.
	0800	Opposite the town of Wazzani, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of two bulldozers, one steamroller, one water tanker, one civilian vehicle, three trucks loaded with basecourse material and five workers in civilian clothing stopped in the northern part of the occupied town of Ghajar. After the bulldozers were brought across the technical fence, the material was dumped from the trucks and the bulldozers were used to level it. The vehicles returned to occupied territory at 1750 hours.
	0905	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Aytarun, Israeli enemy soldiers pointed the cannon of a Merkava tank towards Lebanese territory.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
	1250	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Markaba, Israeli enemy soldiers pointed the cannon of a Merkava tank towards Lebanese territory.
27 September	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 14 in Marwahin, 4 in Duhayrah, 25 in Yarun, 30 in Mays al-Jabal, 8 in Naqurah, 18 in Arab al-Luwayzah, 27 in Amra and 7 in Markaba.
	0800	Opposite the town of Wazzani, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of two bulldozers, one truck, one civilian vehicle and two workers in civilian clothing stopped in the northern part of the occupied town of Ghajar. The bulldozers were brought across the technical fence and used to install 35 concrete blocks to strengthen the road. The vehicles returned to occupied territory at 1545 hours.
	0900	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Wazzani, an Israeli enemy group consisting of 40 individuals in civilian clothing approached. They scouted the area and photographed the Lebanese side. They left at 0935 hours, heading in the direction of occupied territory.
	1200	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Markaba, an Israeli enemy group consisting of five individuals in military clothing approached. They scouted the area and photographed the Lebanese side. They left at 1220 hours, heading in the direction of occupied territory.
28 September	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 37 in Yarun, 19 in Mays al-Jabal, 7 in Naqurah, 29 in Arab al-Luwayzah, 13 in Markaba and 5 in Amra.
	0900	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Mays al-Jabal, Israeli enemy soldiers fired three shots into the air over some Lebanese civilians who were near the Blue Line, and another soldier threw stones towards Lebanese territory.
29 September	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 20 in Amra, 9 in Arab al-Luwayzah, 6 in Markaba, 29 in Hula and 33 in Yarun.
	0800	Opposite the town of Wazzani, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of two bulldozers, one truck, one civilian vehicle and four workers in civilian clothing stopped in the northern part of the occupied town of Ghajar. The bulldozers were brought across the technical fence and used to install 26 concrete blocks to strengthen the road. The vehicles returned to occupied territory at 1600 hours.
	1000	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Markaba, an Israeli enemy group consisting of 15 individuals in military clothing approached. They scouted the area and photographed the Lebanese side. They left at 1030 hours, heading in the direction of occupied territory.
	1100	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite Sardah, near point B93(1), an Israeli enemy group consisting of 35 individuals in civilian clothing approached. They scouted the area and photographed the Lebanese side. They left at 1145 hours, heading in the direction of occupied territory.
	1350	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Udaysah, in the vicinity of point TP36, an Israeli enemy group consisting of 40 individuals in civilian clothing approached. They scouted the area and photographed the Lebanese side. They left at 1420 hours, heading in the direction of occupied territory.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
	1715	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of a Merkava tank and a troop carrier stopped at the Ayn al-Tinah gate. The patrol members opened the gate in the technical fence and then passed through it, as the Merkava tank released smoke to cover their action. The tank was then positioned behind an earthen berm and its cannon was point towards Lebanese territory. The patrol returned to occupied territory at 1545 hours.
30 September	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 9 in Markaba, 10 in Arab al-Luwayzah, 29 in Hula and 50 in Yarun.
	0800	Opposite the town of Wazzani, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of two bulldozers, one truck, one steamroller, one civilian vehicle and four workers in civilian clothing stopped in the northern part of the occupied town of Ghajar. The bulldozers were brought across the technical fence and used to install 25 concrete blocks to strengthen the road. The vehicles returned to occupied territory at 1600 hours.
	1230	An Israeli enemy Humvee vehicle approached from the enemy's position opposite Sahl al-Khiyam, in the vicinity of point B90. The soldiers inside it pointed the machine gun mounted on the vehicle towards Lebanese territory until 1400 hours.

Sea violations committed in September 2022

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
2 September	0240	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) of 1 October 2011 for six minutes, proceeding on its way for some 241 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	0308	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for three minutes, proceeding on its way for some 167 m. Crew members fired military weapons, directed a searchlight towards Lebanese territorial waters and sounded warning sirens. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
4 September	0740	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 10 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 333 m. Crew members sounded warning sirens and broadcast over loudspeakers in Hebrew. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1500	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for two hours, proceeding on its way for some 260 m. Crew members sounded warning sirens during the violation. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
	1540	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 1 hour and 20 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 203 m. Crew members sounded warning sirens during the violation. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
5 September	0735	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 1 hour and 45 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 407 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
7 September	0640	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 30 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 407 m. Crew members sounded warning sirens and broadcast over loudspeakers in Hebrew. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1910	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 10 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 425 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	2005	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 30 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 333 m. Crew members fired a flare shell over Lebanese territorial waters. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	2257	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 23 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 370 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
8 September	2010	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 2 hours and 50 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 130 m. Crew members fired a flare shell over Lebanese territorial waters. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
9 September	0855	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 23 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 314 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1110	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 35 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 100 m. Crew members sounded warning sirens during the violation. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
10 September	0905	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for two minutes, proceeding on its way for some 314 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
12 September	0720	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 29 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 203 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	0733	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 12 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 314 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	0915	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 15 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 296 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1010	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 30 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 407 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1155	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 25 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 444 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
14 September	0740	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 50 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 111 m. Crew members sounded warning sirens during the violation. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
15 September	1005	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for five minutes, proceeding on its way for some 204 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	0610	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 30 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 407 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	0650	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 30 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 407 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
18 September	0933	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 17 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 370 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
25 September	0650	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 15 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 240 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
26 September	0755	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for five minutes, proceeding on its way for some 240 m. Crew members sounded warning sirens during the violation. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
28 September	0702	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 12 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 222 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	0722	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 23 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 463 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
29 September	0813	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 17 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 167 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	2015	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 17 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 296 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
30 September	0747	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 32 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 240 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.

Air violations committed in September 2022

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
3 September	1200	An Israeli enemy drone violated Lebanese airspace, approaching from a location opposite the town of Udaysah, near point TP36. It proceeded on its way for some 500 m and then circled over a post of the Indonesian contingent of the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL). The drone left at 1210 hours in the direction of occupied territory.
4 September	1020	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Khaldah. It proceeded as far as Beirut before disappearing from radar screens at 1045 hours. It reappeared at 1445 hours over the sea west of Khaldah. The aircraft left at 1450 hours over the sea west of Sa'diyat.
	1145	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering from the west, opposite Shikka. They circled over all regions of Lebanon before leaving at 1500 hours over western Naqurah.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
7 September	0657	An Israeli enemy crop duster violated Lebanese airspace, entering opposite the town of Markaba, in the vicinity of point B75. It proceeded on its way for some 100 m before leaving at 0700 hours in the direction of occupied territory.
	0830	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Khaldah. It proceeded as far as Na'imah and then circled over Alayh and the Shuf. The aircraft left at 0945 hours over Sa'diyat.
	1040	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Damur. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before leaving at 1555 hours over the sea opposite Sa'diyat.
9 September	0830	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Kila. They headed north, proceeding as far as Tripoli. They circled over all regions of Lebanon before leaving at 0920 hours over the sea opposite Naqurah.
	0830	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Khaldah. It proceeded as far as Na'imah and then circled over Alayh and the Shuf. The aircraft left at 0945 hours over the sea west of Sa'diyat.
	1700	A Bombardier CL-327 propeller-driven drone violated Lebanese airspace and circled over the sea near the towns of Mansuri, Izziyah, Zabqin and Majdal Zun.
11 September	1130	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea opposite Damur. It circled over Matn, Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before leaving at 1740 hours over the sea opposite Damur.
13 September	2000	An Israeli enemy drone violated Lebanese airspace, entering opposite Mays al-Jabal and crossing the Blue Line at point B64. It proceeded on its way for some 100 m and then circled over a Lebanese Army position. The drone left at 2001 hours in the direction of occupied territory.
14 September	0942	An Israeli enemy crop duster violated Lebanese airspace, entering opposite the town of Markaba, in the vicinity of point B75. It proceeded on its way for some 100 m before leaving at 0945 hours in the direction of occupied territory.
	1010	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea opposite Khaldah. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before leaving at 1435 hours over the sea opposite Khaldah.
	2120	Two Israeli enemy drones violated Lebanese airspace, entering opposite Mays al-Jabal and crossing the Blue Line at point B64. They proceeded on their way for some 100 m and then circled over the town. The drone left at 2230 hours, heading in the direction of occupied territory.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
15 September	1430	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea opposite Sa'diyat. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before leaving at 1750 hours over the sea opposite Damur.
	1640	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Kila. They headed north, proceeding as far as Shikka. They circled over all regions of Lebanon before leaving at 1710 hours over Yarun.
16 September	1310	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Naqurah. It proceeded as far as Hasbaya before leaving at 1415 hours over Hasbaya.
21 September	0658	An Israeli enemy crop duster violated Lebanese airspace, entering opposite the town of Markaba, in the vicinity of point B75. It proceeded on its way for some 100 m before leaving at 0700 hours in the direction of occupied territory.
	1350	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea opposite Damur. It proceeded as far as Juniyah and then circled over Matn, Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before leaving at 1615 hours over the sea opposite Damur.
	1430	An Israeli enemy drone violated Lebanese airspace, entering opposite Mays al-Jabal and crossing the Blue Line at point B64. It proceeded on its way for some 100 m and then circled over the town. The drone left at 1450 hours, heading in the direction of occupied territory.
22 September	0800	An Israeli enemy drone violated Lebanese airspace, entering from opposite Mays al-Jabal.
	0810	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea opposite Sa'diyat. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before leaving at 1225 hours over the sea opposite Sa'diyat.
	1030	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Kila. They circled over all regions of Lebanon before leaving at 1140 hours over the sea opposite Sidon.
26 September	0720	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Khaldah. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before leaving at 1210 hours over the sea opposite Khaldah.
28 September	0830	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea opposite Sa'diyat. It proceeded as far as Beirut and then circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before leaving at 1130 hours over the sea opposite Sa'diyat.
	0905	An Israeli enemy crop duster violated Lebanese airspace, entering opposite the town of Udaysah, in the vicinity of point TP36. It proceeded on its way for some 50 m before leaving at 0907 hours in the direction of occupied territory.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
	1400 and 1715	Two Israeli enemy crop dusters violated Lebanese airspace, entering from opposite Mays al-Jabal and proceeding on their way for some 30 m.
29 September	0850	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Damur. It proceeded as far as Beirut and then circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before leaving at 1245 hours over the sea opposite Damur.
	1120	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Beirut. They proceeded north as far as Shikka and then circled between Shikka and the Beirut. The warplanes left at 1130 hours over the sea opposite Jubayl.
